

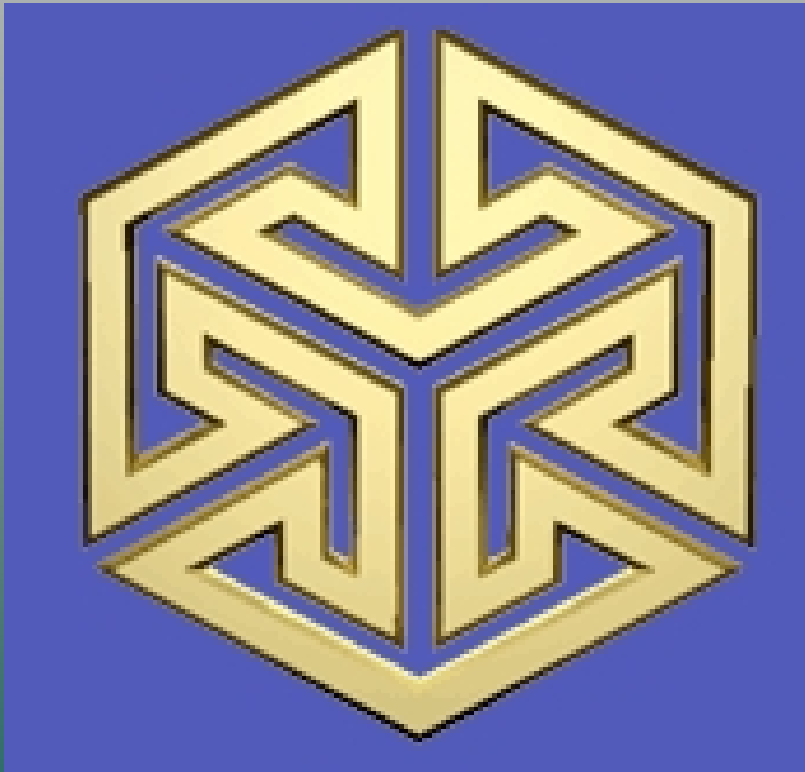
Wear behaviour of the die while coining silver blanks

Dr. Gerd Wagner

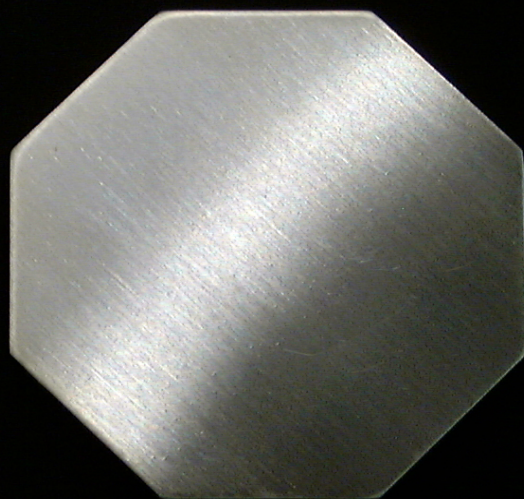
Reischauer GmbH

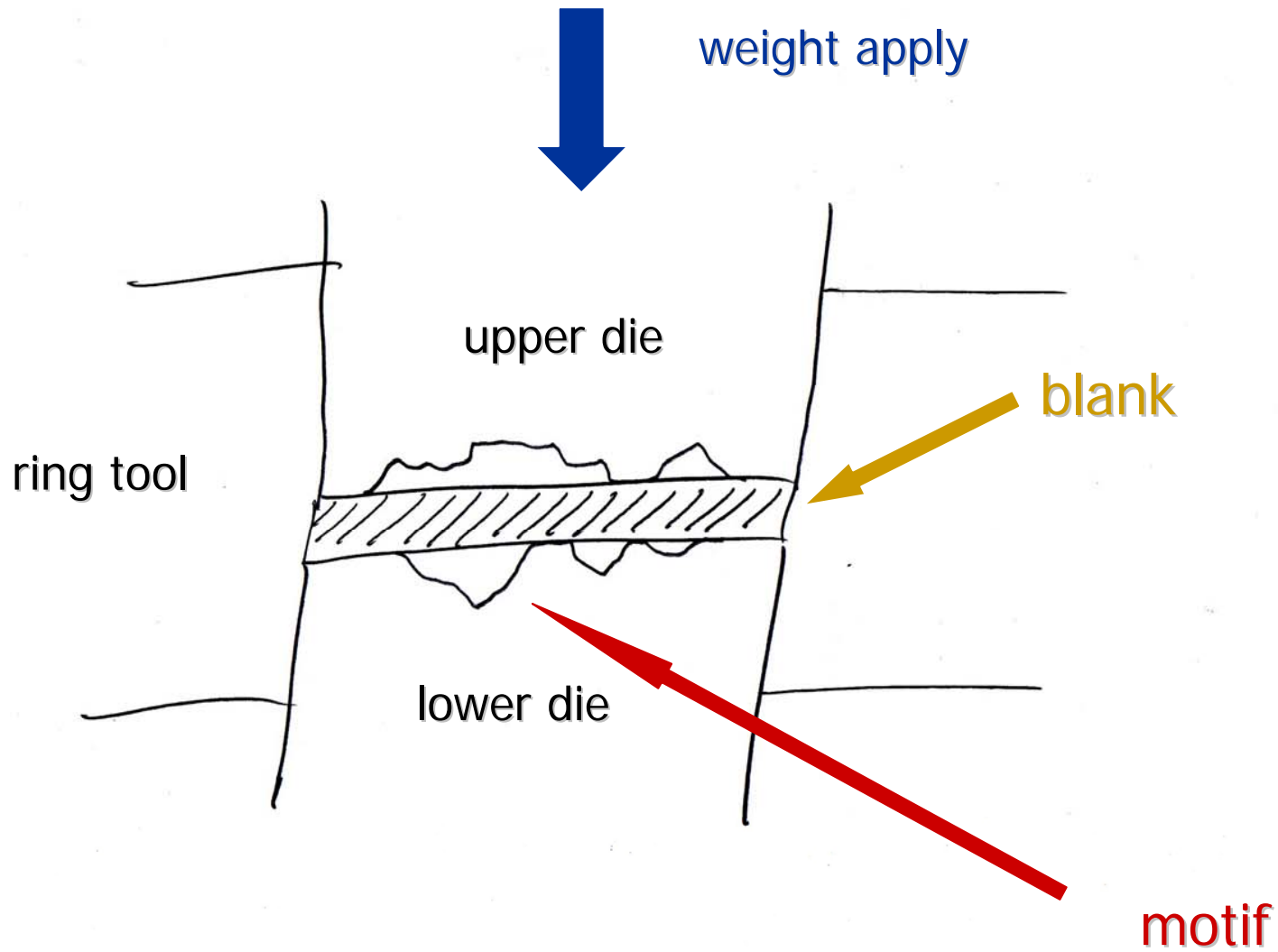
Idar-Oberstein, Germany

Reischauer GmbH

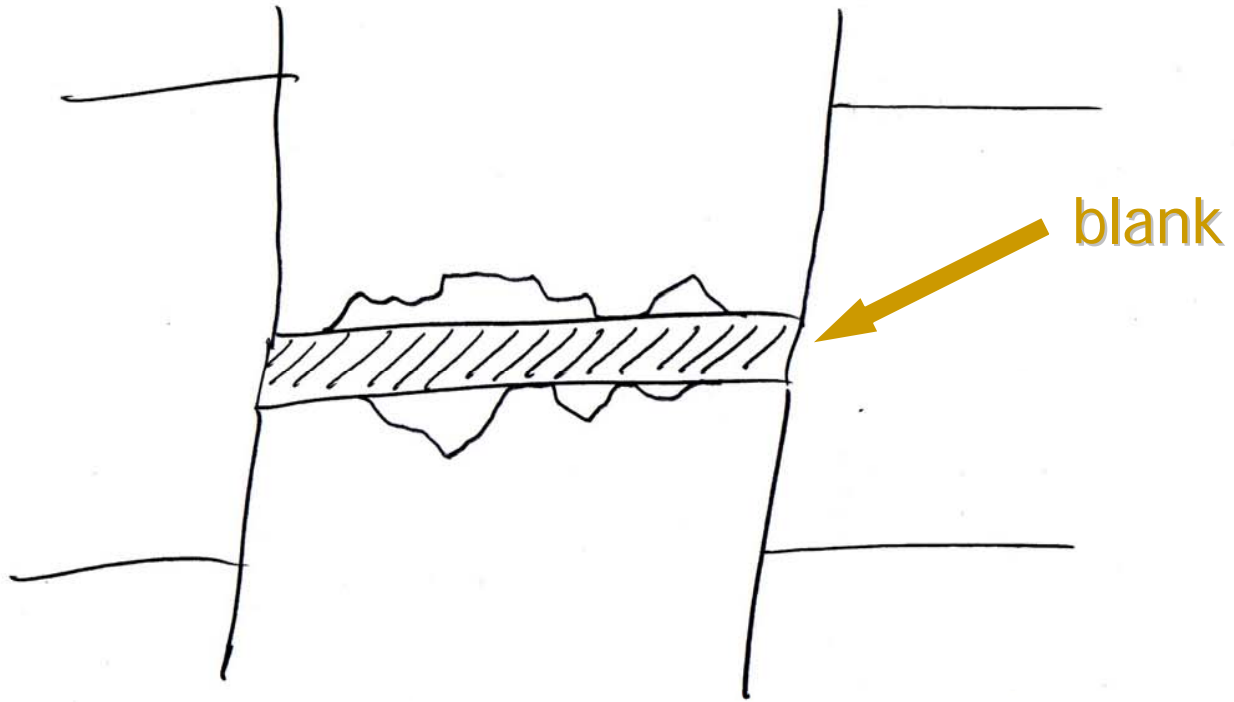


- fine metals: Ag, Au
- alloys
- blanks
- coins / medals
- recycling





wear:= property of the „system“



part I: the blank

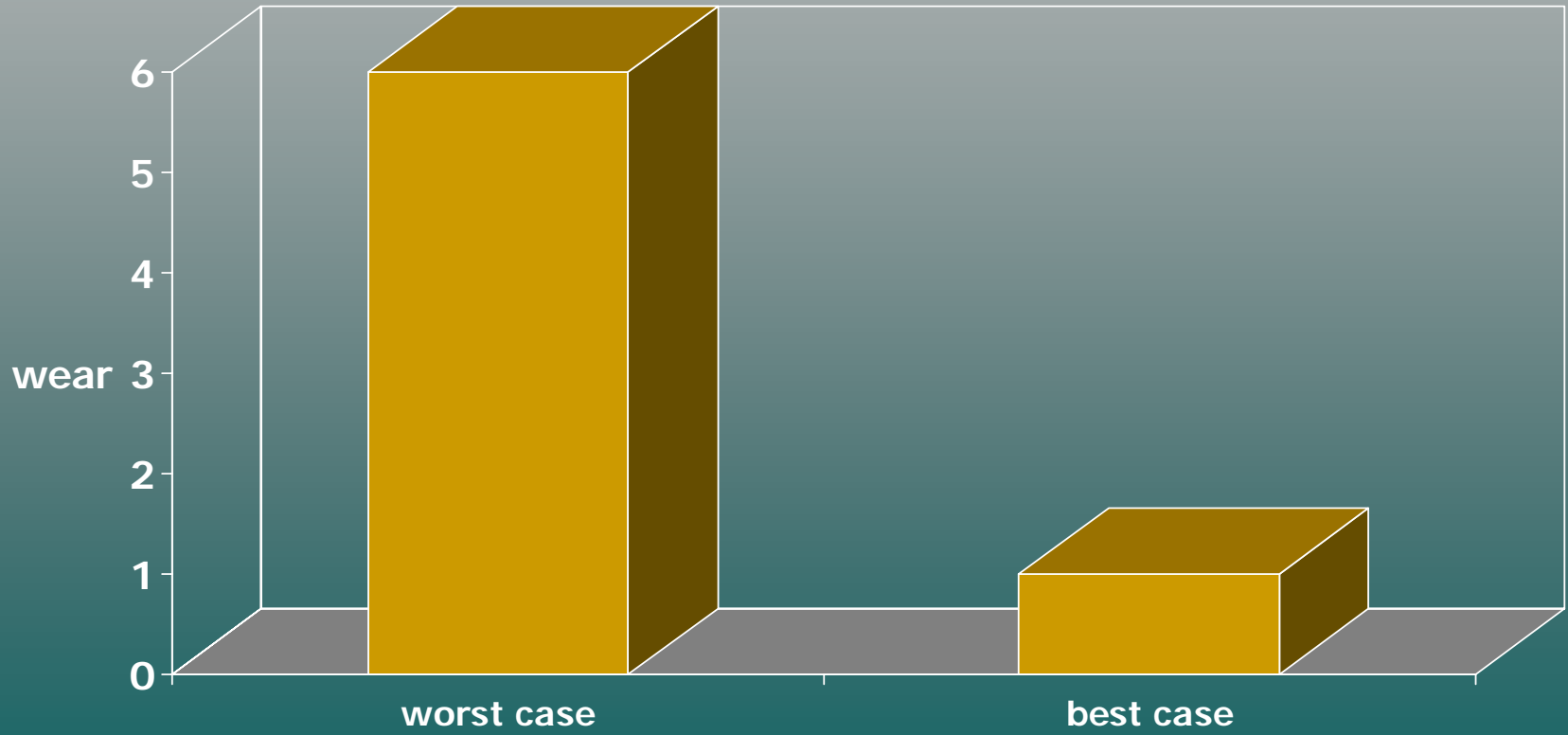
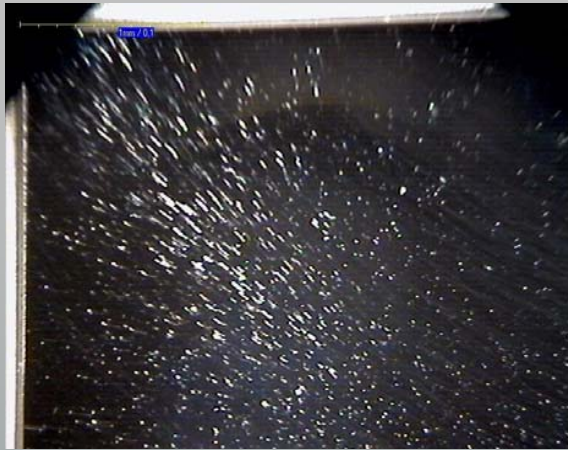
test procedure



- upper and lower die
- mechanical press
- weight 180 to
- 50x coining (one stroke)

assessment of microscopical
wear attack
by visual inspection
and comparison





Ag999 blanks: attributes and its levels

roughness

„bulk“ hardness

„surface“ hardness

roughness

--> surface treatment



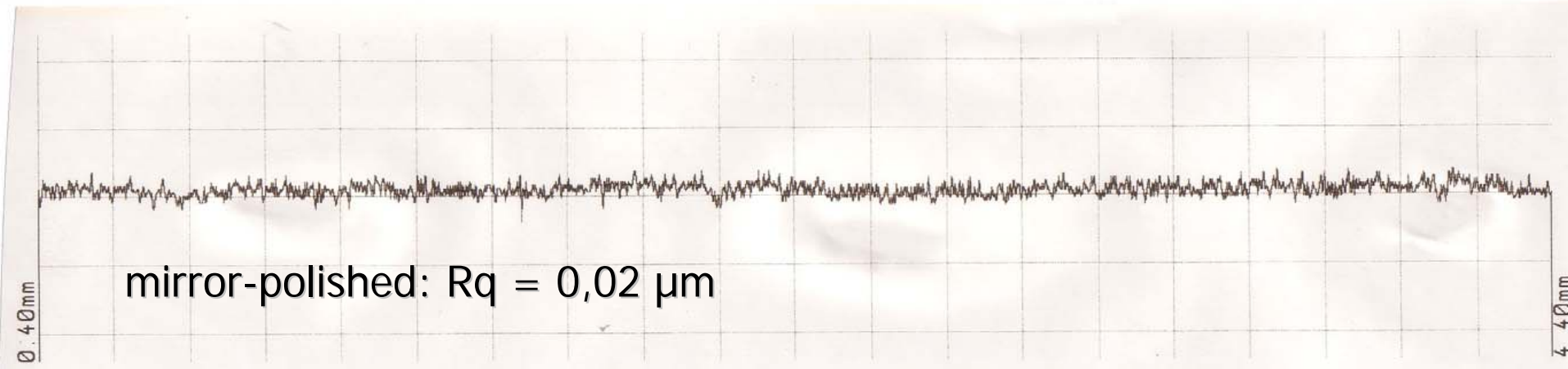
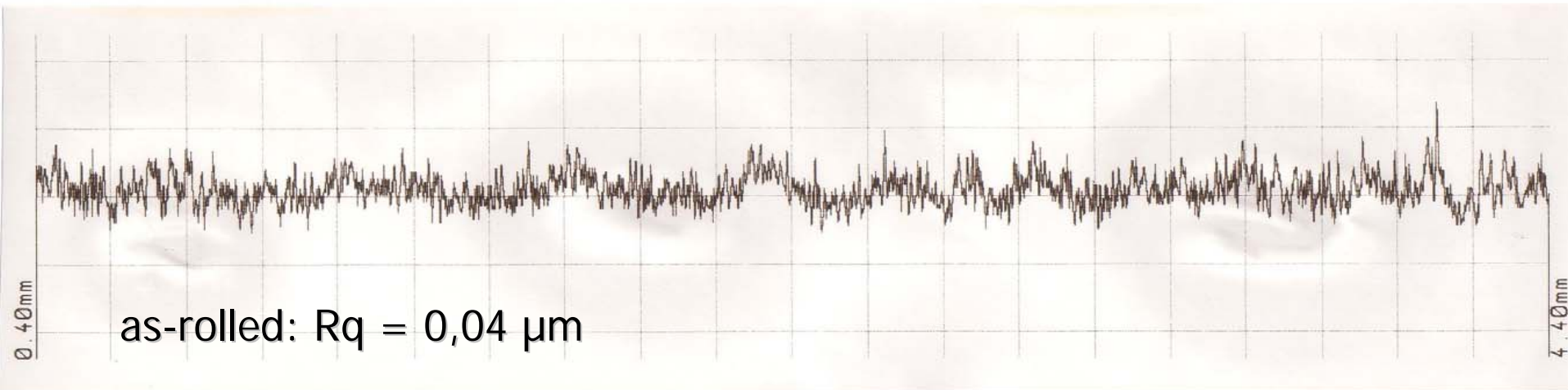
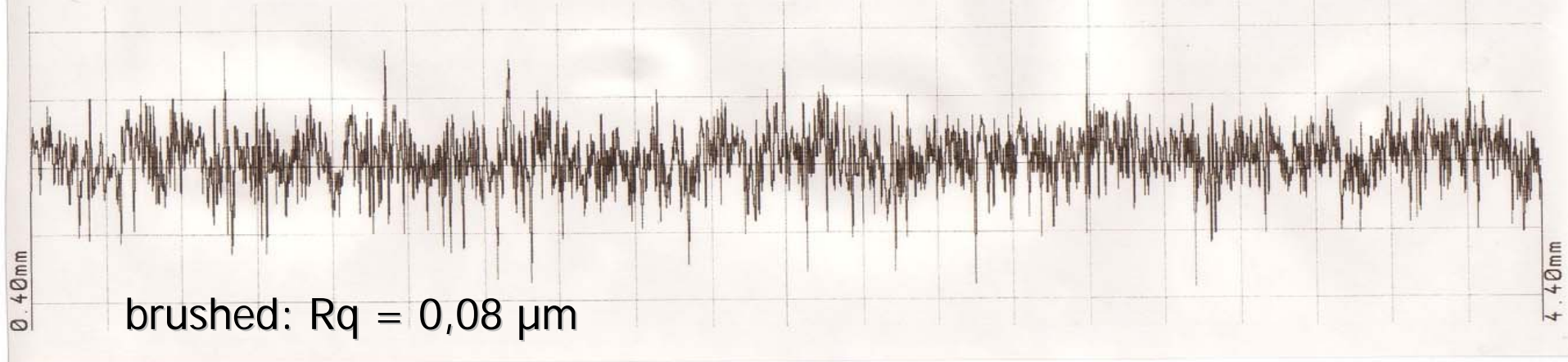
brushed

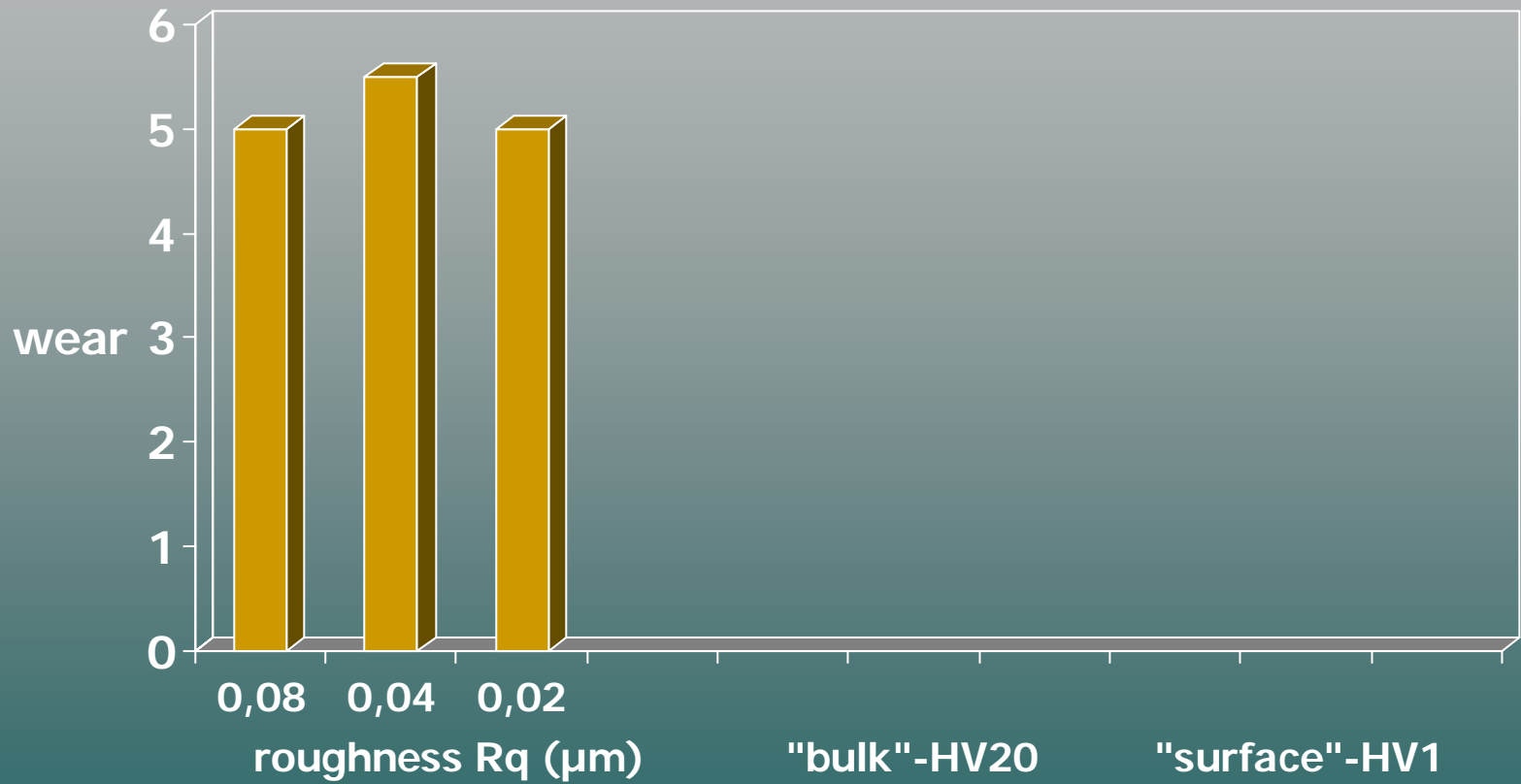
mirror-polished



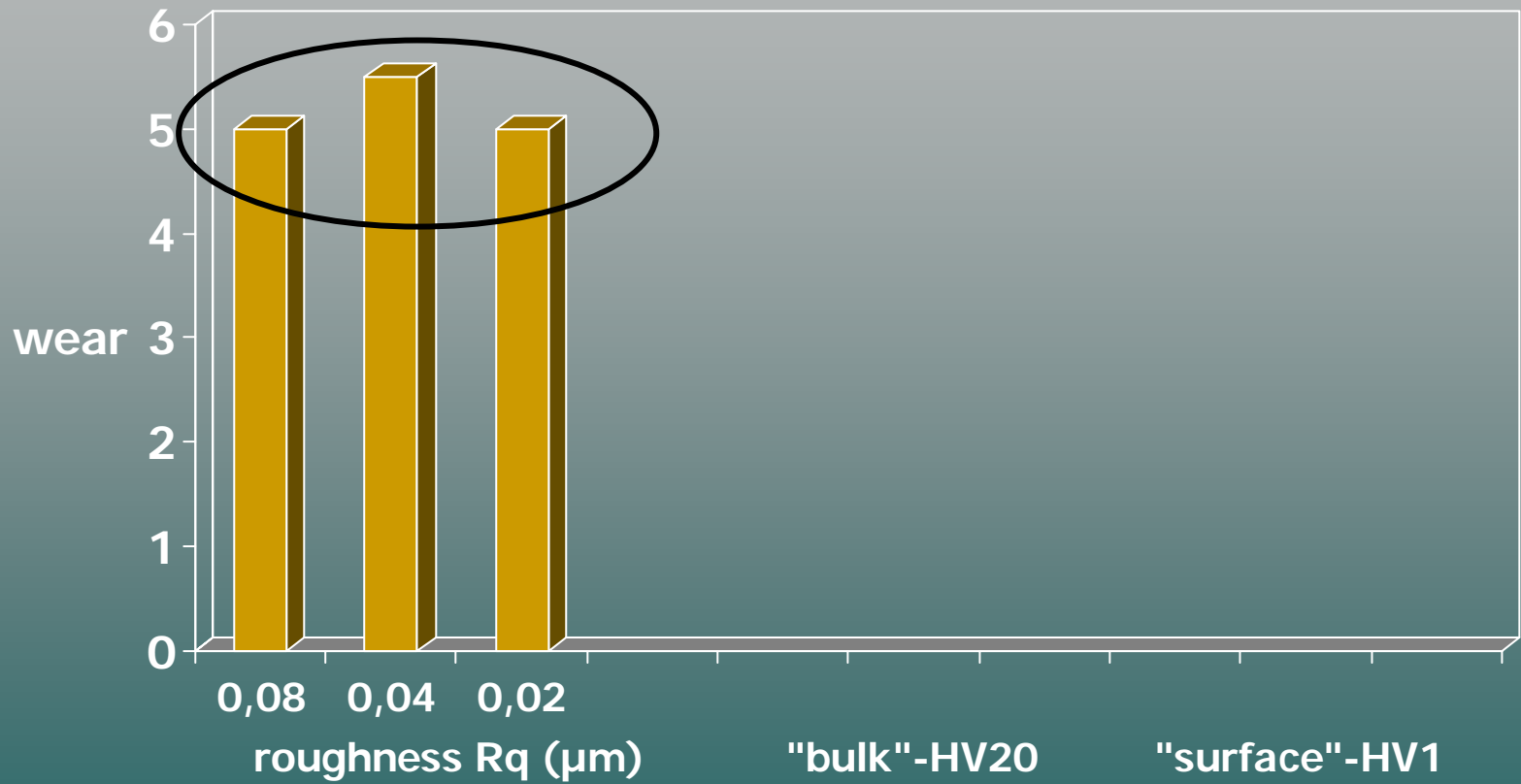
as-rolled







no significant attribute !



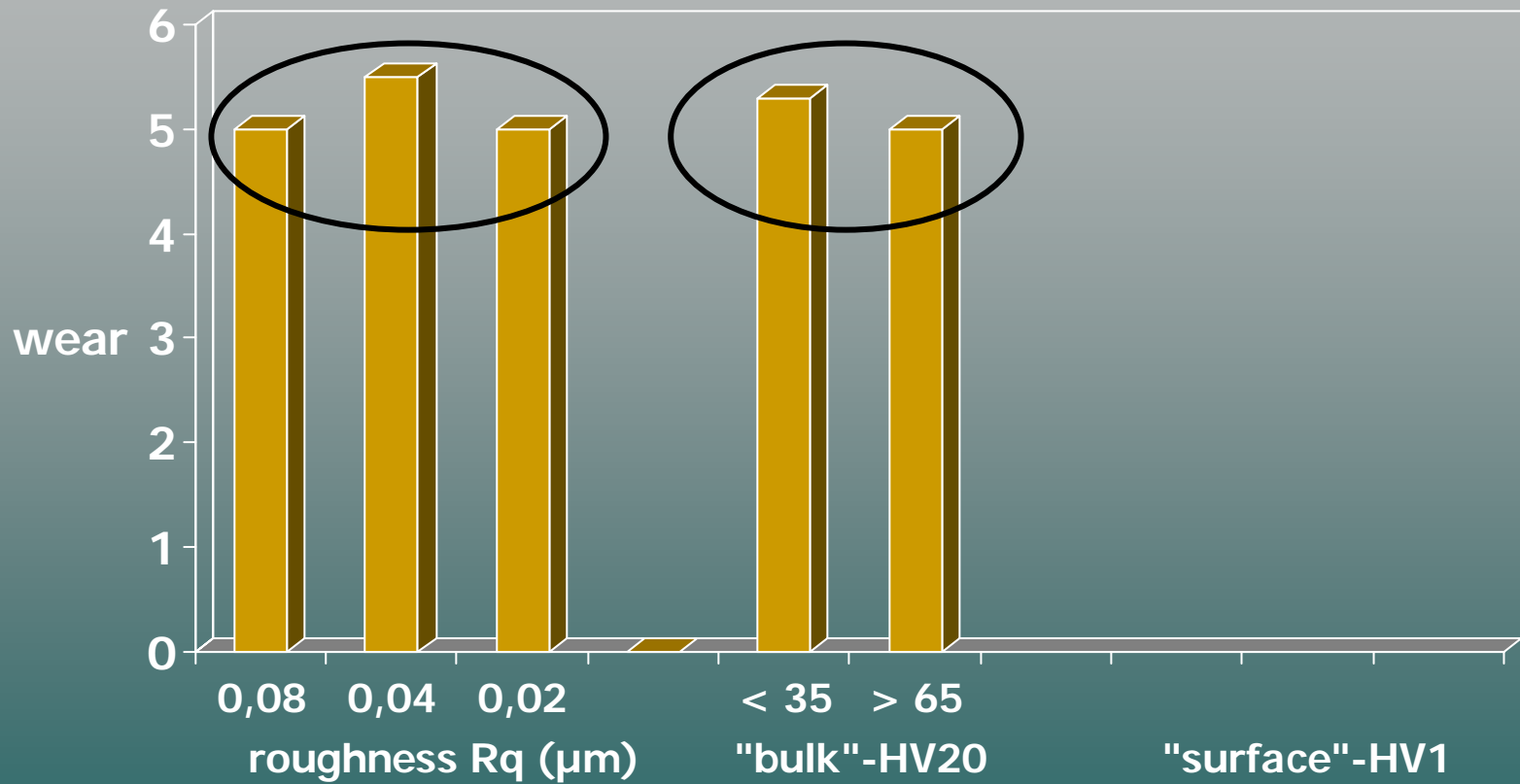
bulk hardness

--> rolling <-> annealing



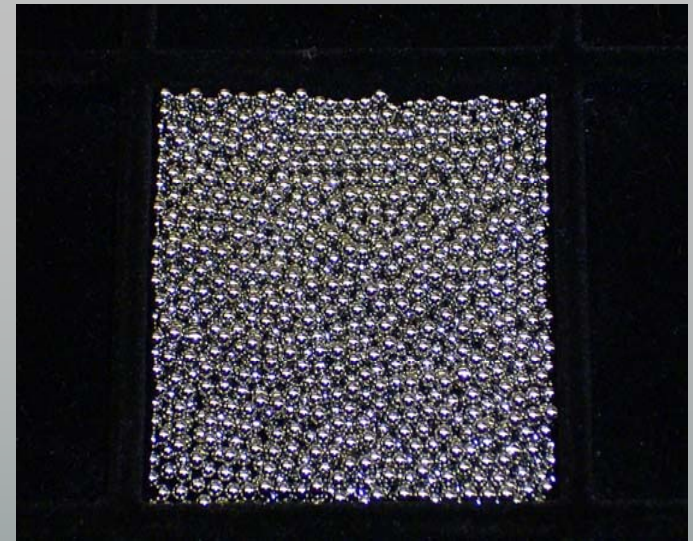
- < 35 HV20
- > 65 HV20

no significant attribute(s) !

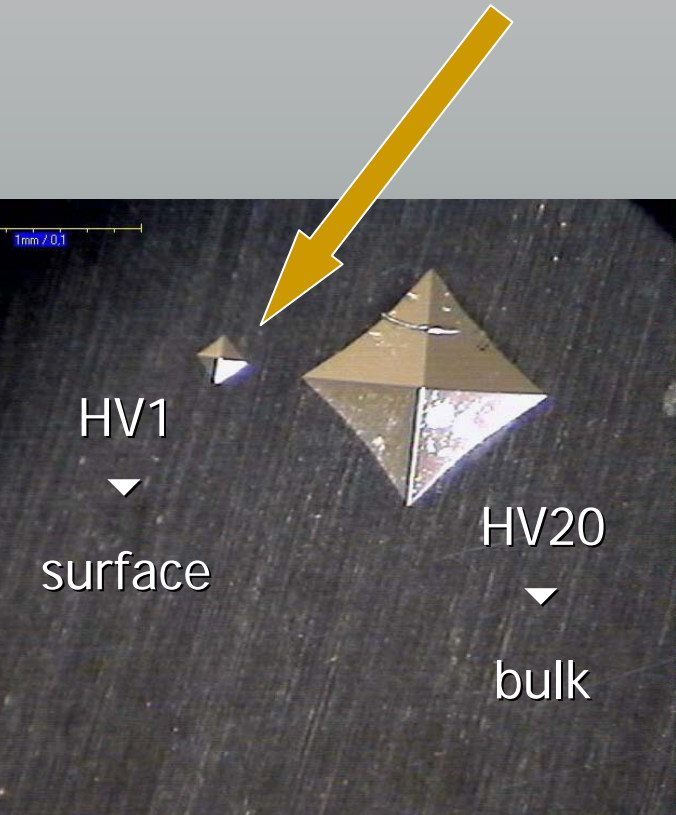


surface hardness

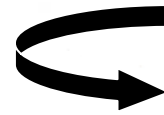
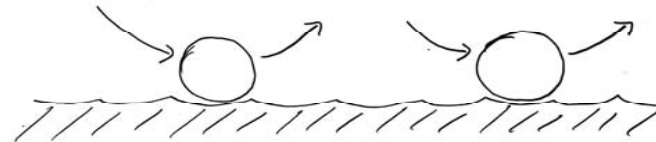
--> centrifugal polishing



surface hardness

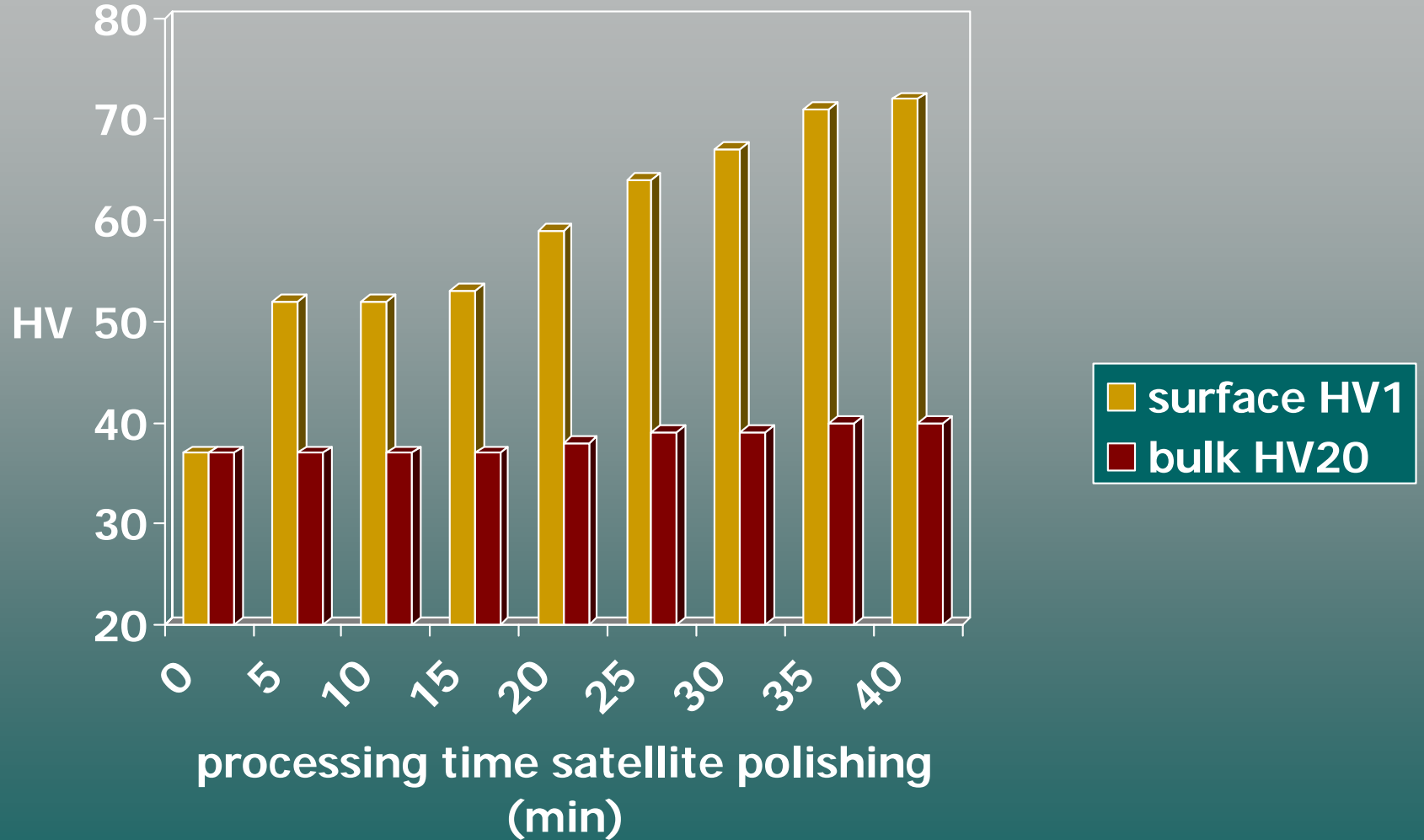


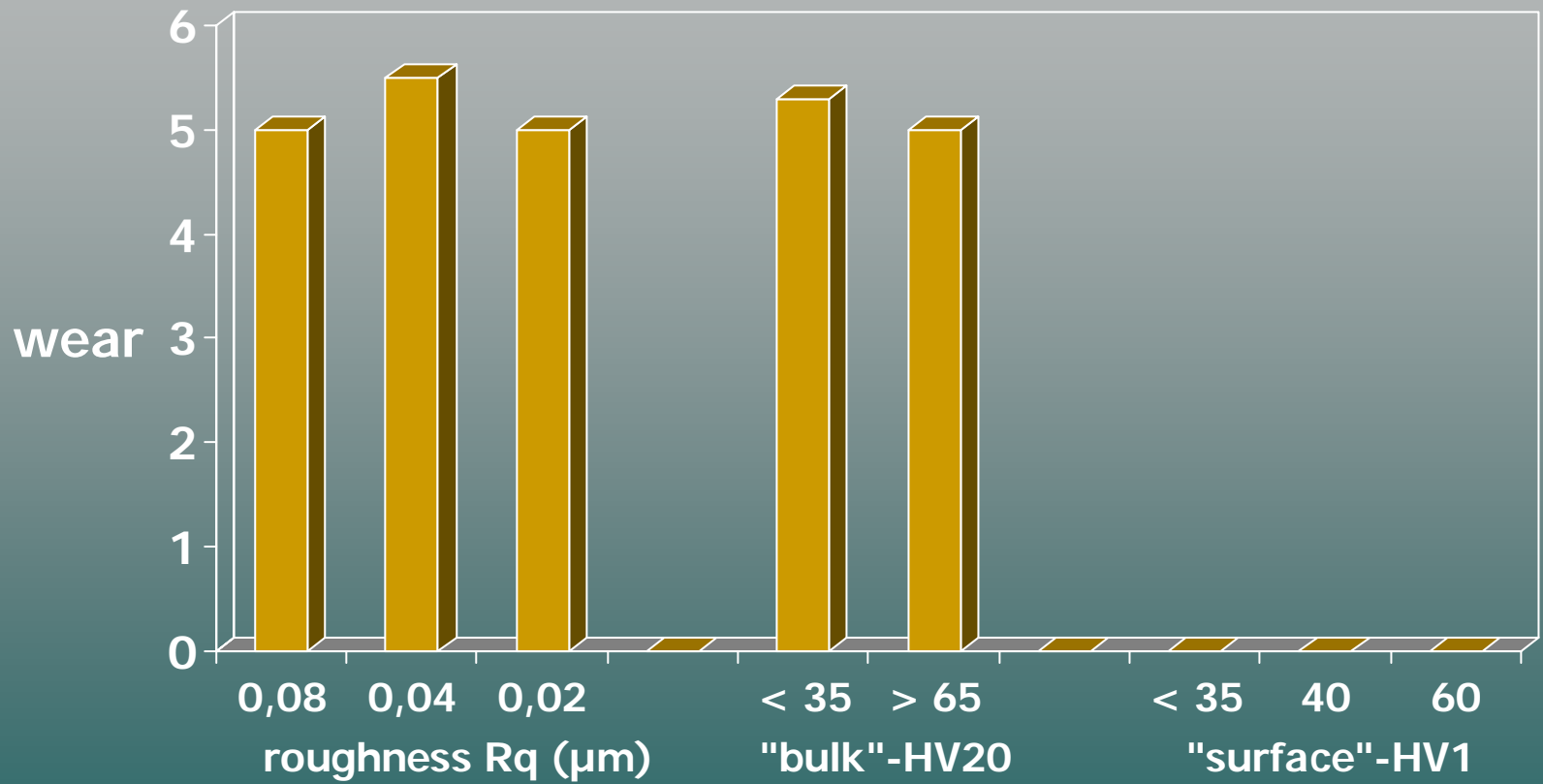
kinetic energy of the balls/satellites

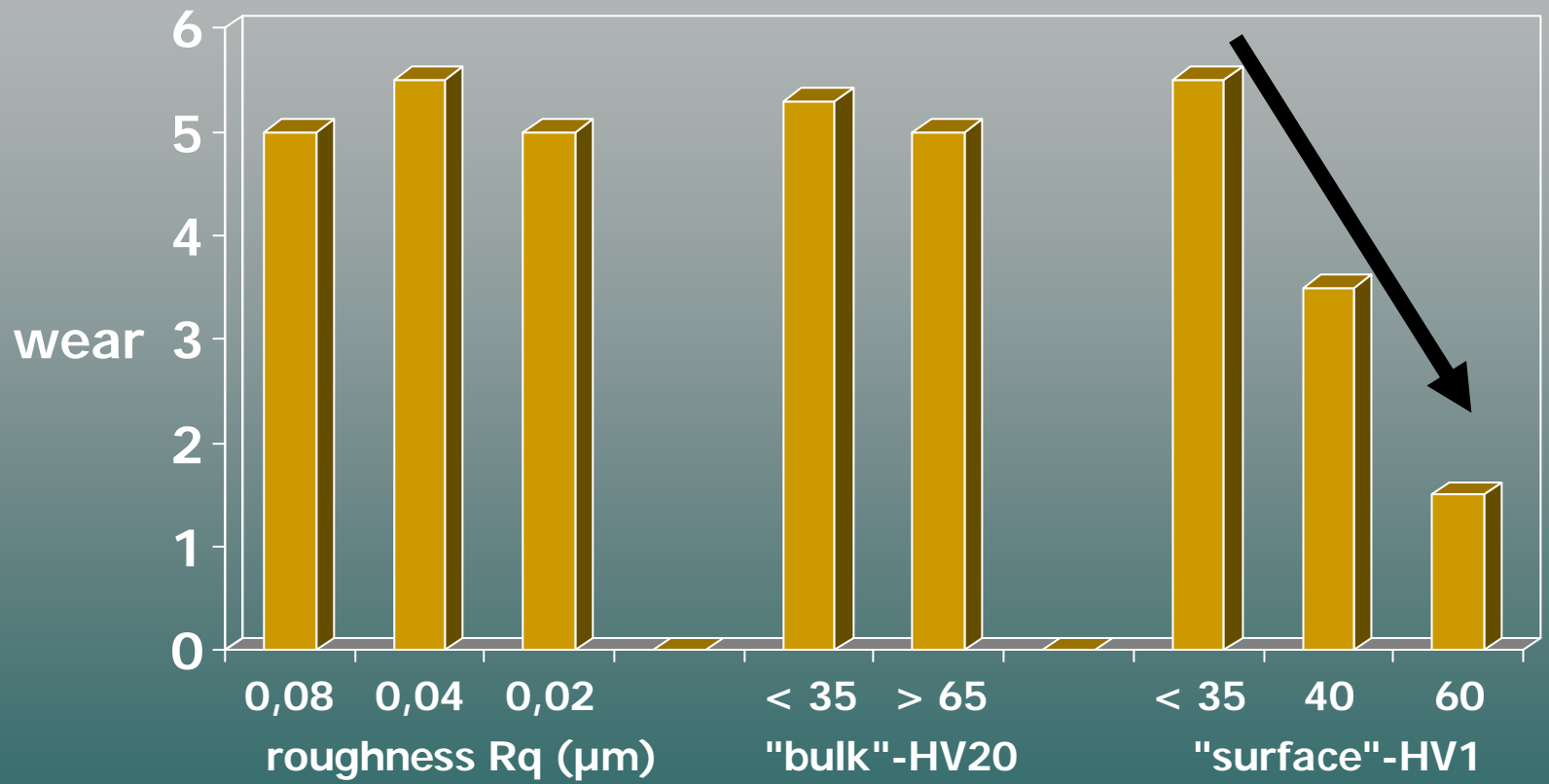


„compression stress“
in near surface layer

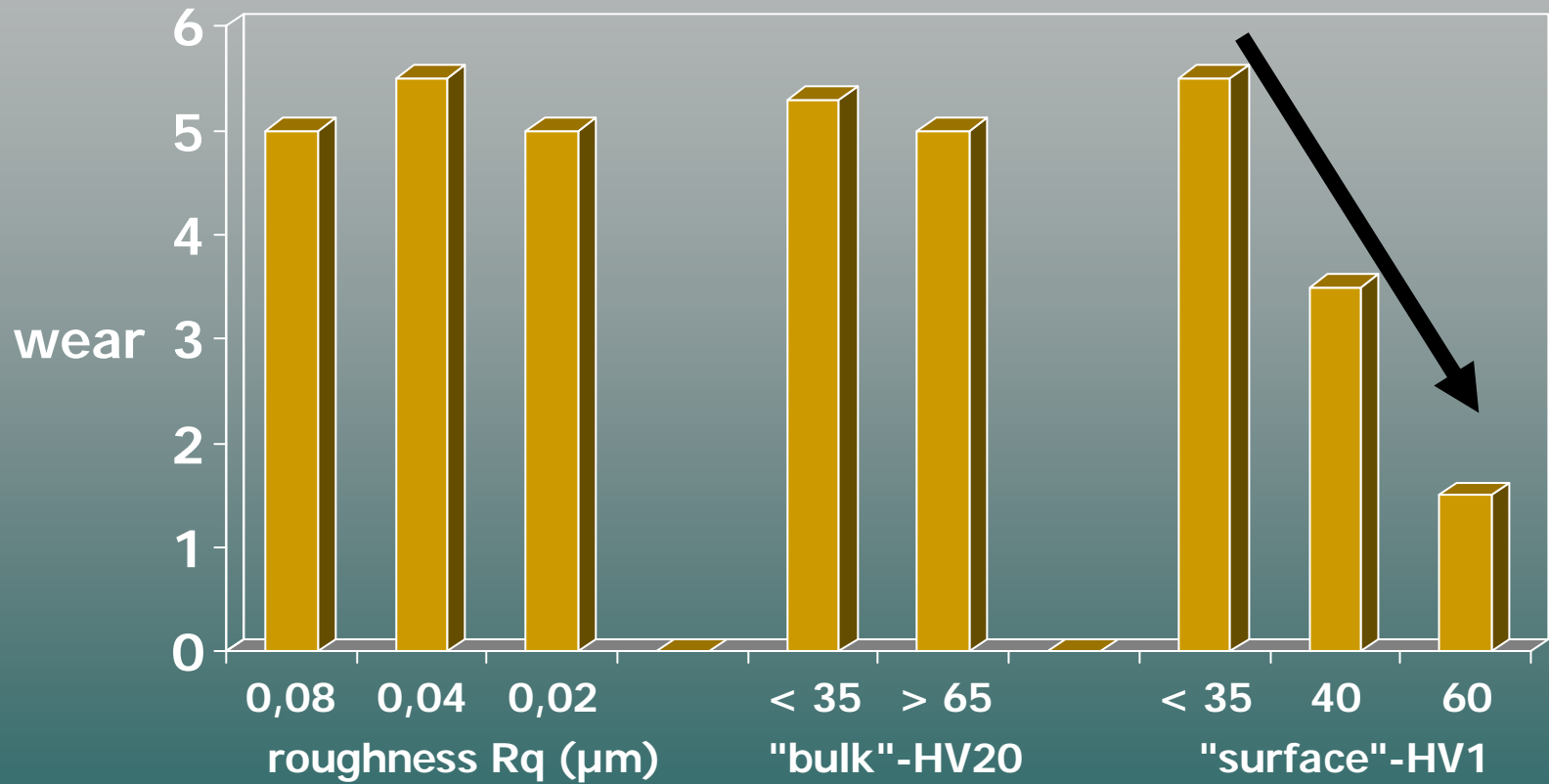
hardness: surface and bulk







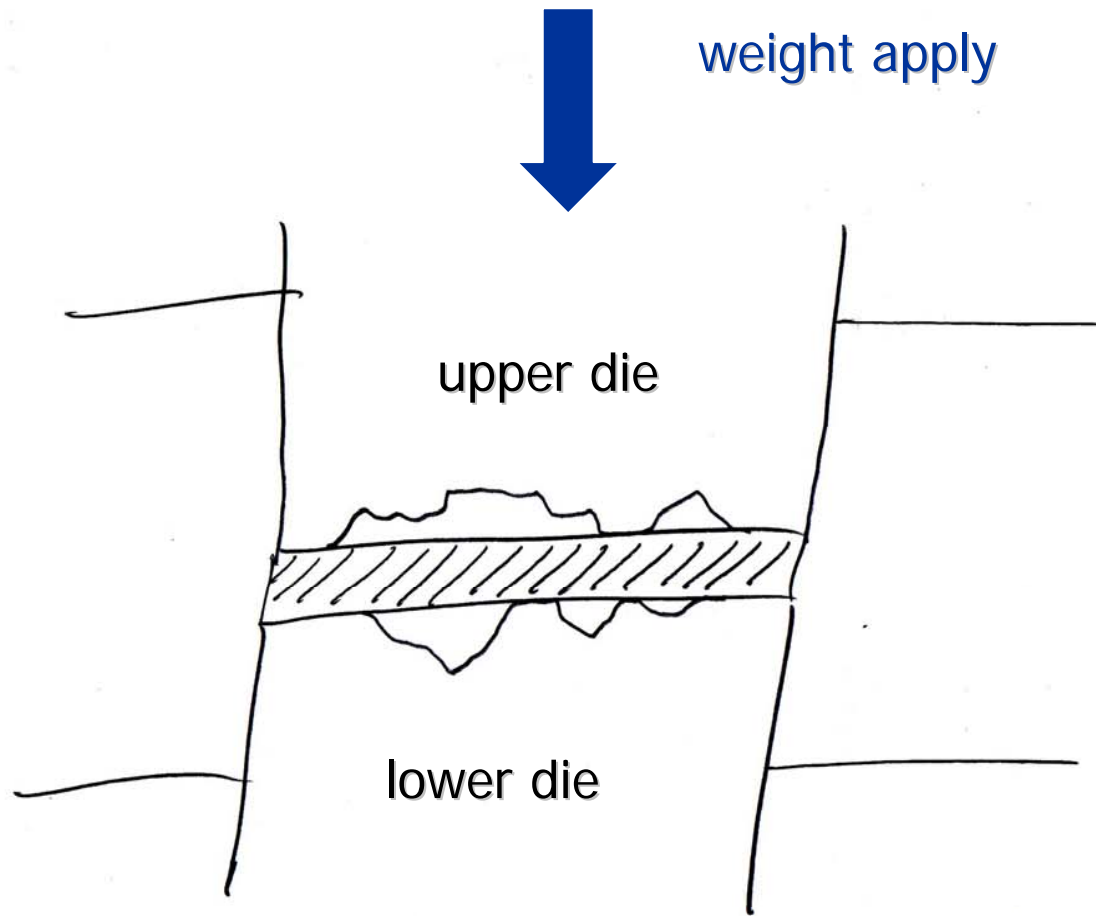
significant
attribute !!!



conclusion:

if a soft or medium-hard blank Ag999 is needed in order to get a high deformation, choose a blank with a hard surface layer.

the centrifugal polishing with satellites hardens the surface of the blank very effectively and results in a minimal wear of the die.



part II: the die and the weight apply

see you

next WMF `07

in Berlin ...